# Promotion & Dissemination Traditional & Social Media

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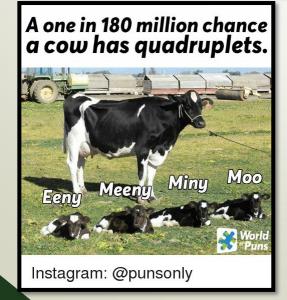
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AgrAbility for Pennsylvanians

# Delivering Your Message Effectively...Lots of Options!









## **Traditional vs Social**

Traditional

Longevity

Concentrated Audience

Targeted Reach

Social

Vast, Broad Reach

Faster Feedback

Comments & Conversation

# **Objectives**

- Discuss approaches & importance of media relations
- Discuss using stories & locality in traditional media
- Provide tips on media releases & pitching stories
- Resources moving forward

# **Change = New Opportunities**

Number of U.S. newspaper newsroom employees declined 45% in the past decade.

### Implications:

- Newsrooms are understaffed
- Increased demand for publication-ready content
- Media chains are getting larger

# Media Landscape

- Media companies study their audience, optimize delivery methods
- Multi-media approaches layer & reinforce your message

 Allows space, words, photos, videos for more indepth and rich stories to relay messages – more than a snapshot or headline!

## **Traditional Media: Relevant**

- 82% of farmers read an ag publication at least weekly (all age groups)
- 29% of U.S. farms have NO ACCESS to the internet
- Rural readers utilize local news









## Feedback from Media

"It's hard to deliver a prevention message without a scary accident."

"Safety articles illustrate the publication's interest in the reader as a whole person... that is a special relationship between a trade publication and its readers."

"Social media hasn't obliterated interest in indepth, well-produced content that deliver a relevant, compelling message or story."

# **Approaches: Communicate**



Rely on communication specialists: writers, photographers, videographers, freelancers, peers



Opportunistic = Monitor Media Activity



Maintain database of "amplifiers"

# Approaches | Amplify

Who else has an interest & can spread or amplify your message?

- Agribusinesses
- Commodity groups
- Your organization's communications/media
- Youth & School groups
- Insurance & Financial groups

# **Maine Logging Story**

### A Look at Logger Health and Safety in Maine

Initial findings from the Northeast Center for Occupational Health and Safety's ongoing study in the state of Maine.

ne first project of its kind in the northeast, the Maine Logger Health and Safety Study focuses solely on by Number of understanding the health and safety concerns of Maine's loggers. The study is a project of the Northeast Center for Occupational Health and Safety in Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing (NEC), which promotes health and safety research, education, and prevention activities in the high-risk areas of logging, farming, and commercial fishing.

Serving a twelve-state region from Maine to West Virginia, the NEC has an extensive track record of conducting research and developing safety and health solutions for a wide variety of occupational concerns. Its "Lifejackets for Lobstermen" project is currently working to improve lifejacket designs for lobstermen along the coasts of Maine and Massachusetts. Previously, the NEC worked with Mainers to improve eropnomic designs of blueberry rakes and apple buckets. Combining the power of data with the strength of industry partnerships, the Maine Logger Health and Safety Study is the NEC's first major longterm project in the forestry industry of the Northeast.

Nationally, logging is still one of the deadliest professions, with only commercial fishing having a higher fatality rate in 2017, Different types of logging operations are well represented in the according to the US Bureau of Labor Statistics. The fatal injury

A broad representation of the industry.

study, with 22% being conventional loggers, 72% mechanized, rate for loggers is 24 times higher than the all-worker fatality and another 6% working in both conventional and mechanical rate. That said, the logging industry varies throughout the United logging. The chart above shows the mix of company sizes by



RELATED INJURY OR ILLNESS IN THE PAST YEAR.

OF THE STUDY GROUP HAVE LOGGED FOR MORE THAN 20 YEARS

SUMMER TIPS TO

10

**Broad Geographic Representation:** 

THE FATAL INJURY RATE FOR LOGGERS COMPARED TO THE ALL-WORKER FATALITY RATE:







Wear moisture-wicking socks and change into clean socks 2x per day - If possible change shoes every week to air out each pair to kill fungus growth - Keep toe nails trimmed - Do not share nail clippers - Let your feet breathe at the end of the day (2-3 hours) · Wear flip flops on public surfaces · Use foot powder or spray in boots and on feet before putting shoes on - Wash feet with soap and water daily, making sure to dry in between the toes

**FOOT FUI** 

3 Reieplar Braoher OJ59 Lss Kwlvo Zcci 21 Grae Bras Bras VSS u Kk

**Boost Post** 

# Approaches Go Local

### Why local traditional media (still) matters...

- Primary source for local news (school, sports, church & community)
- Shortage of good content
- Online presence
- Often part of a news group



# Approaches Join up

American Agricultural Editors Association
The Agricultural Communicators Network

agcommnetwork.com

- Members + Freelancers Directory
- Professional Development
- Regional Workshops
- Ag Media Summit:
   July 25-29, 2020 | Kansas City, Missouri



# Approaches Join up

### **National Association of Farm Broadcasters**

(Radio + TV)

### nafb.com



- Membership: Allied Industry Council
- Members Directory
- NAFB Convention
- NAFB News Service: "Connecting the agriculture industry with 3.1 million U.S. farmers and ranchers everyday... heard on more than 1,300 stations nationwide every day."

# Approaches Use Stories

- Make statistics, industry information feel more personal & real
- Memorable, human-interest capture attention
- Starts conversations, leads to more stories
- Impart experience, knowledge, lessons
- Talk across, not down
- Inspire others to share or take action

Tell a story, save a life.



### www.tellingthestoryproject.org

Collaborative project among Midwest NIOSH Ag Centers
First-person, Story-based, Prevention messages
Focused on storytellers
Multi-media platforms
Utilizing traditional media, digital media, photo & video, social media

### **Telling The Story Project**

ABOUT STORIES~

VIGNETTES

STORY.FRAMES

RESOURCE

Tell a story, save a life.

MOR

### SAFETY ADVOCATES SHARE THEIR STORIES

Nearly everyone has a few stories to tell about safety: how they've been impacted, what they're doing to prevent injuries, what they've learned through experience. When you share them, it's powerful.

### Samantha - Lawn mower safety



I know many children that have been injured riding on or being near a tractor. My 9 year old daughter was backed over by a riding mower in 2013. We are commonly grouped with tractor safety.

We were part of a public service announcement with the amputee coalition of America regarding mower safety.

Before Katie's accident, we had never heard of accidents like that. Katie didn't ride on our mower, but honestly we would have let he if she would have been interested. Our son rode the mower with his dad all the time as a kid.

Katie was 3 at the time of her injury. It never crossed our minds to keep her inside or to discuss mower safety with her.

- Samantha Eddington, Georgetown, KY

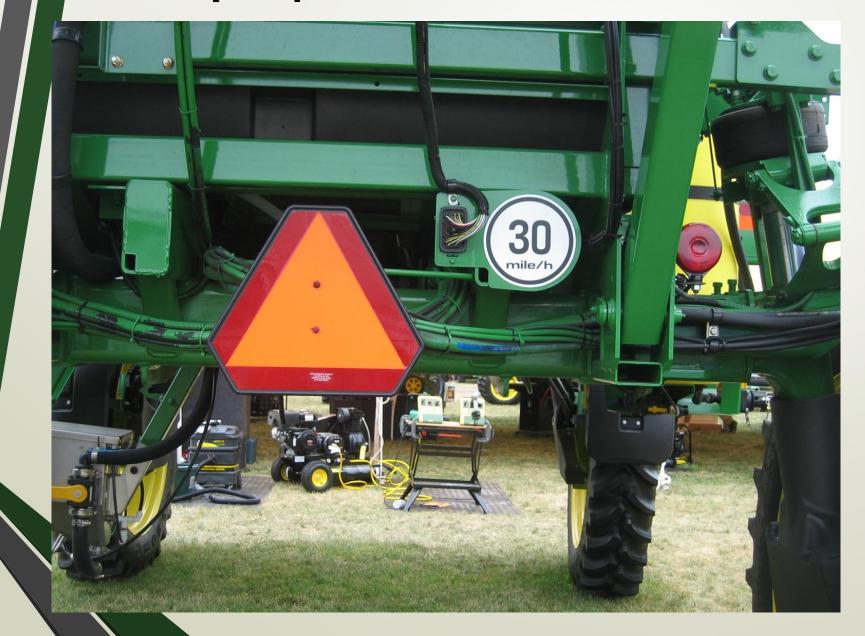
# TELL PEOPLE EVERYTHING AND THEY HEAR NOTHING...

**HERE'S WHAT NOT TO DO!** 

## DO NOT...

- try to summarize all of your program and all of your impact in one story.
- · be too safe or too stock.
- focus on what you want to say. Focus on what you think your target audience wants to hear.
- be too salesy or cram in all of the statistics you know into one story.

# Example | NY SIS law





FIRSTHAND ACCOUNTS

### Keeping it safe on the farm

arming isn't just hard work. It also can be dangerous work.

That's not news to America's agricultural producers. But a new website, "Telling the Story," offers worthwhile farm safety information and links. The site, Tellingthestoryproject.org, features firsthand accounts by farmers who have been injured on the job.

"Tell a story, save a life," the website says. It's a common-sense motto. Firsthand descriptions on the site, developed by a variety of farm organizations, describe incidents involving ATVs, equipment upgrades, falls, farming with injuries, fire, foaming manure and ladder safety.

Kenny Patterson, of Cherokee, Iowa, provides one of the stories, describing what happened when he drove a four-wheeler on a sloped grade with uneven terrain while spot-spraying thistles in one of his pastures.

The vehicle overturned and rolled over him. The accident injured his lower body so badly that he had to crawl home from the accident scene, using just his arms.

"I was instantly mad at myself," Patterson said. "What I did was stupid."

His message to fellow producers: Let's keep it safe down on the farm.

## Omaha World-Herald

REAL. FAIR. ACCURATE.

# Iowa Farmer Today



## **Media Release Basics**



- What's the hook? Why is this relevant now
- Who What Where When Why
- Simple, clear language; no jargon
- Headlines matter
- Quote selectively
- Photos/Graphics
- Call to action
- Contact information

## Media Guidelines Resource

### **MEDIA GUIDELINES**

for AGRICULTURAL SAFETY

### SPECIFIC TO CHILDREN/YOUTH

Children and teens are often at greater risk of injury than adults. They typically have less physical strength, shorter reach, and lack the coordination and balance of adults. Cognitively, it takes them longer to process information, they have shorter attention spans, and may lack the impulse control that adults have. They are also more likely to do what they see others doing, rather than what they are told.

This makes it vitally important to depict (visually and textually) children and teens in safe situations. If they're doing farm/ranch work, ensure tasks are age and ability appropriate.

Photos and videos are often used as "attention getters," but sometimes "cute" is unsafe, e.g. a cow licking a child's fingers. Other examples to avoid include a child playing in a grain bin, in close proximity to an adult animal, or riding an ATV without a helmet.



Childhood Agricultural Safety Netwo

Website: www.childagsafety.org

nccrahs@marshfieldresearch.edu

Phone: 1-800-662-6900 The agricultural stories we share in traditional and social media can make life safer for farm and ranch families and workers. While not intentional, what we write, say, and the images we show can perpetuate - and even increase - unsafe farm practices.

To help minimize unsafe practices, the Childhood Agricultural Safety

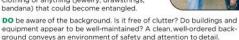
Network has compiled the do's and don'ts provided here as reminders for all of us. Following them can help each of us be confident that we are doing our part for farm safety.

### VISUAL MEDIA

**DO** show tractors and other farm equipment being maintained and operated safely. That includes rollover protection structures (ROPS) on tractors and proper guards in place on power take off units (PTOs) and other moving parts.

**DO** show children doing age-appropriate chores under supervision.

DO show working individuals wearing proper fitting personal protective equipment, appropriate for the tasks they are performing. When depicting workers with machinery, make sure they are not wearing loose fitting clothing or anything (jewelry, drawstrings, bandana) that could become entangled.



**DO NOT** show individuals riding on wagons, in the backs of pickup trucks or as extra riders on tractors or ATVs.

**DO NOT** show persons climbing to heights without fall protection, stair or platform quarding.

**DO NOT** show workers leaning over or feeding materials into machines with moving parts or blades.

DO NOT show children under 14 driving any motorized farm vehicle.

**DO NOT** show children riding on adults' laps on ATVs or lawn tractors/riding mowers.

**DO NOT** show children in proximity to large animals unless appropriate barriers are evident.



### Adults should:

 Provide young children with a safe play area instead of allowing them to play in the worksite.

 Provide sufficient training and personal protective equipment for youth old enough to work.

3) Provide supervision as well, but note that supervision alone is insufficient to prevent injuries,



### EMPHASIZE SAFETY RESOURCES

To access resources and learn more about keeping children and adults safe while in the agricultural environment, visit www.CultivateSafety.org



### TEXT

**DO** use the word "incident" rather than "accident." Evidence confirms that injuries are both predictable and preventable. "Accident" implies that the incident was an "act of God" or "bad luck."

DO explain safety violations and/or prevention measures. Grim details of an injury are only part of the story, Make the story a teachable moment. Sometimes an injury can be prevented with a simple, inexpensive step, such as ensuring a power takeoff unit (PTO) shield is in its proper place.

**DO** follow up on long-term implications of a serious injury. Emphasizing the "courage" of a trauma victim during immediate recovery, and the outpouring of goodwill following an event, can overshadow long-term implications such as economic hardships, post-traumatic stress, and/or multiple follow-up surgeries.

**DO** depict production agriculture for what it is: an intense, high risk industry made even more stressful by unpredictable factors such as weather and crop prices.

**DO** include information on safety resources and programs that are

**DO NOT** say that a child killed in a farm incident, "died doing what he loved," or that she, "loved to help daddy." This implies that it's OK to allow a child into an agricultural worksite.

DO NOT attribute mishaps on the unpredictable nature of animals, the failure of machinery or the existence of other inanimate objects such as a protruding rock or a ditch that gives way.

DO NOT use "freak accident" when describing a traumatic event. Although an adverse event may seem unique, injury data will likely reveal that many similar events have occurred.

DO NOT suggest that unsafe practices are acceptable just because they are family tradition. Unsafe traditions should always be challenged.



This work is partially supported through a grant from the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) grant #U54OH009568-10-02.

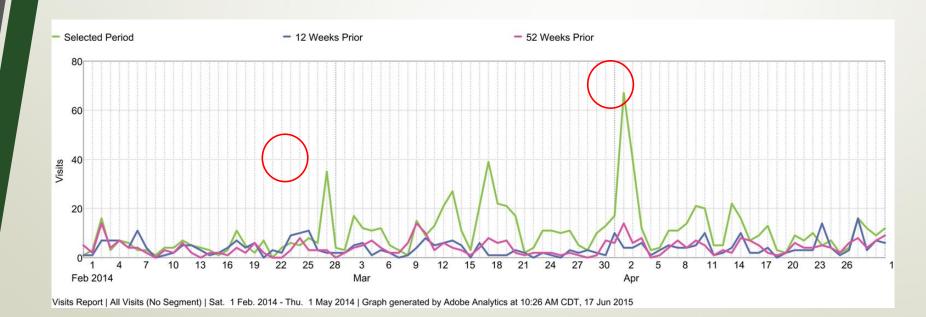
## Case Study: Two Releases

**Release 1 –** "A child dies from injuries on a farm an average of once every 3.5 days. The most common situation involves a tractor."

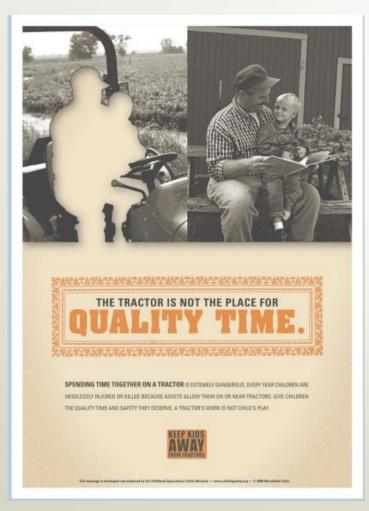
Release 2 – "Controversial and blunt, the Childhood Agricultural Safety Network's 'Keep Kids Away from Tractors' campaign has rattled traditional thinking."

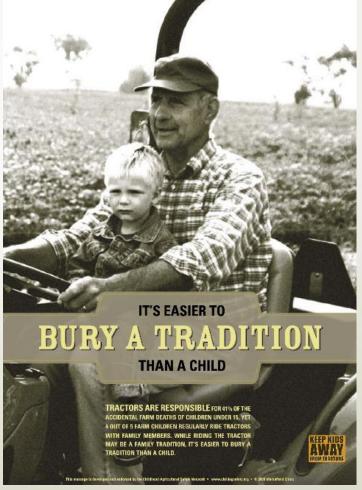
# Case Study: Two Releases

Release 1 – Feb. 27 Release 2 – March 31



# Case Study: Two Releases





# Case Study: The Sleeper

## "The Sleeper"

Reporters may wait until they have a timely angle to use/share your information.

-- Janesville (WI) Gazette, June 13, 2015

### Tractor safety courses planned

### By Catherine W. Idzerda

Here's something that might make farmers giggle: Under state statutes, no person may "direct or permit a child under the age of 16 years to operate a farm tractor or self-propelled implement of husbandry on the highway unless the child has been certified as successfully completinga tractor and machinery operation safety-training course."

In a profession where kids are considered part of the labor force—and start driving heavy equipment as soon as they can reach the pedals-the state law seems remarkably out of

This summer, Walworth and Rock County extensions will offer their tractor safety courses for youth between the ages of 12 and 16. The tion and nonworking youth show striking difdates for Walworth County's course, which is ferences. being held in conjunction with Racine and Kenosha, will be announced shortly.

In Rock County, the course will run from June 22 to 25 on the county 4-H fairgrounds chinery account for 42 percent of fatalities.

Kristine Ely, Walworth County UW Extenveloped.

Students must take 24 hours of classroom instruction and then pass a written exam and a driver's test, Ely said.

choices with their children and on their farms, a tractor at a young age as not a big deal. tractor safety training is part of a national effort to reduce farm injuries.

It seems to have worked.

In 1996, the National Institute for Occupapassed its tractor safety law.

Between 1998 and 2012, the rate of injuries clined 57 percent, according to the National juries and change ideas. Children's Center for Ruml and Agricultum! Health and Safety in Marshfield.

### TO LEAR N MORE

Walworth County tractors afety courses were scheduled for mid-June but now will be held at adate later this summer. For more information. call Kristine Ely Walworth County UW Extension. 262-741-4968 kristine elyffc es uwexe du.

Rock County cours es will be held from 8 a.m. to 2 p.m. June 22 to 25 at the Rock County 4-H Fairgrounds, Janesville, Toregister, call Nick Bakat 608-757-5@8 nick baker@cesuwex.edu. The \$25 fee covers registration materials and exam fees.

However, farm injuries among children younger than 10 are increasing. And fatality statistics between youth working in a g produc

For youth in a gproduction, vehicles and ma chinery account for '73 percent of fatalities.

For non-working youth, vehicles and ma-Nothing to laugh at there.

Farm safety proponents often find them sion, said the course covers everything from selves up against tradition. Adult farmers rehow to safely get in and out of a tractor to how member driving tractors when they were statutes regulating tractor operation were de- young. They also remember the fun of riding with a parent or grandparent.

Scott Heiberger, communications specialis with the National Children's Center, saida Keep Kids Away from Tractors campaign has an-While farmers might exercise different gered some farmers, who see riding or driving

> Heiberger, who spent summers on his grandparents' farm in Illinois, said he understands that tradition.

"We all did things as kids that put us in tional Safety and Health was charged with harm's way," Heiberger said. "To be 13 or 14 making prevention of childhood agricultural years old and out cultivating the corn—it was injury a priority. That was the year Wisconsin great. You have all this responsibility, and you didn't have to clean out the barn."

Those ideas are changing, and the tractor to youth who lived and worked on farms de-safety class requirement is helping reduce in-

> "The more we see, the more we realize how dangerous these situations can be," he said.

# **Takeaways**

The "B" List....

- Be credible
- Be available
- Be helpful
- Be attuned to your audience when you write, speak, shoot, create

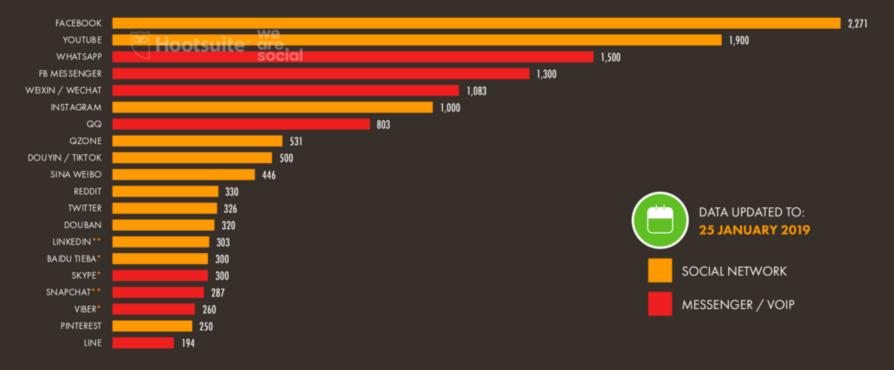
# Social Media Objectives

- Discuss why social media is important to your organization
- Understand how to use social media
- Create a plan to disseminate information using various types of social media

JAN 2019

### **SOCIAL PLATFORMS: ACTIVE USER ACCOUNTS**

BASED ON MONTHLY ACTIVE USERS, USER ACCOUNTS, OR UNIQUE VISITORS TO EACH PLATFORM, IN MILLIONS



SOURCES: KEPIOS ANALYSIS; LATEST COMPANY EARNINGS RELEASES, PRESS RELEASES OR MEDIA STATEMENTS; REPORTS IN REPUTABLE MEDIA (ALL UP TO JAN 2019). \*ADVISORY: PLATFORMS IDENTIFIED BY (\*) HAVE NOT PUBLISHED UPDATED USER FIGURES IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS, SO FIGURES MAY BE LESS RELIABLE. \*\*NOTES: THESE PLATFORMS DO NOT PUBLISH MAU DATA. LINKEDIN FIGURE IS BASED ON MONTHLY UNIQUE WEBSITE VISITORS IN DEC 2018, VIA SIMILARWEB. SNAPCHAT FIGURE EXTRAPOLATED FROM DATA REPORTED IN TECHCRUNCH (JUN 2017).



## Facebook Marketing Statistics

- 2.6%
  Facebook Pages posts organic reach
- 5+ billion

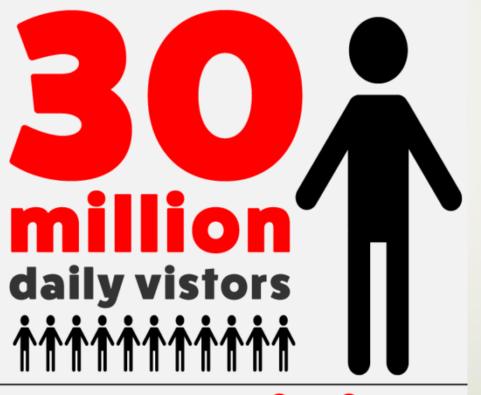
  Businesses using Facebook ads to reach target audiences
- 94%
  Social Media Marketers using Facebook ad platform
- #1
  Ad channel for both B2C & B2B companies

- 57%
  Consumers say social media influences their shopping, led by Facebook at 44%
- Thursdays & Fridays; 1pm & 3pm

  Best times to post on Facebook
- 6.9 times
  Engagement of brand-generated content
- 8 times
  Per day... brands post an average
  on Facebook

### **YOUTUBE STATS:**





## INSTAGRAM Fastest growing unique 600 monthly MILLION users predominantly female 38% of online women 26% of online men AGE 90% of Instagram users are under 35 53% of Instagram users follow brands

unique monthly users predomi

**317**MILLION

# **TWITTER**

Most oversaturated

predominantly male

22% of online men 15% of online women

en en

AGES 18-29

mostly 18-29 year-olds

53% of Twitter users never post any updates 53%

users only spend an average of 2.7 minutes on Twitter's mobile app per day 2.7
MINUTES

## What is a Brand?



Then: A name, term design, symbol or other feature that distinguishes one seller's products from those of others.

### What is a Brand?



### What is a Brand?



"A brand is not a logo.

A brand is not an identity.

A brand is not a product."

-- Marty Neumeier, author and speaker on all things brand

## How do you feel about these brands?













## What does your brand say?





Protecting People in Agriculture









## Why Social Media?

Relationship building Develop a community Improve customer service Increase exposure of your brand Boost traffic to your website Free (sometimes)

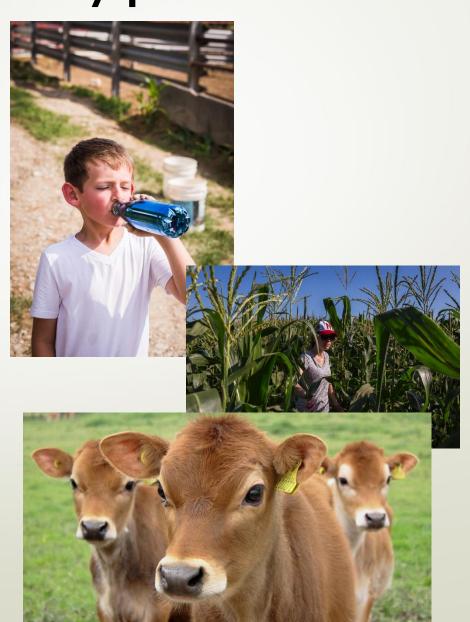
## The Conversation is Happening



Will You Be Part of It?

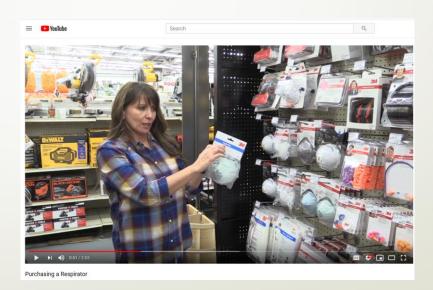
## Share-worthy photos

- Keep it simple and interesting
- Capture details
- Focus on subject matter
- Lighting
- Stock images
  - CS-CASH Photo Sharing



#### **Use Video**

- Doesn't have to be highly produced
- Tell viewer something
- Facebook: 1-2 minutes
- YouTube: 2+ Minutes
- Instagram: 30 Seconds



## **Post Length**

- Facebook max engagement 40-60 characters
- Facebook Live Get creative, 18-20 mins on average
- YouTube Optimal length is 3 minutes
- Instagram Optimal length is 138-150 characters but focus on the visual
- Twitter optimal length 100 characters, max is 280

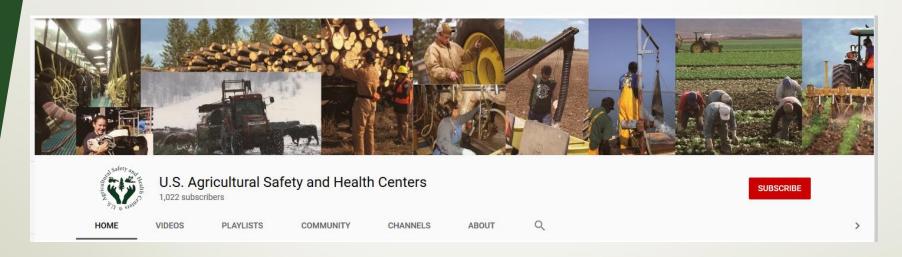
## How often to post?

- Post to Facebook twice a day (Buffer)
- Post on Facebook a minimum of three times per week while keeping your maximum posting frequency to 10 times per week (Constant Contact)
- Facebook algorithm states more consistent posts means the more FB will share on pages of your followers.

## How often to post?

- Major brands share on Instagram 1.5 times a day (Buffer). Post to Instagram a minimum of three times per week (Dowsocial)
- YouTube is about great visual content. Post when you have something good. Remember, consistent posts attracts followers.
- Twitter most retweets happen within an hour, higher daily frequency is best. Tweet 5–20 times every day if key engagement is your goal.

## U.S. Ag Center YouTube Channel



#### youtube.com/user/USagCenters

118 Ag Safety and Health Videos – reviewed and ready to share!

## When to post?

	BEST TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
facebook	1 - 4PM		X		✓	✓	✓	✓
Instagram	11AM - 1PM 7PM - 9PM	✓		✓	✓			Ø
twitter	12 - 1PM		<b>√</b>	1	✓		×	×
Pinterest	8 - 11PM	ß	ß	ß	æ	ß	✓	✓
Linkedin	10 - 11AM		✓	✓	✓		<b>%</b>	×
You Tube	12PM - 4PM (Work days) 9AM - 11AM (Weekend)				✓	✓	✓	✓

## Make A Plan



## Make A Plan

- SmarterQueue
- Hootsuite
- Canva
- Google Drive
- Evernote
- Excel

	Media	Content Calendar							
Name									
Month Week							Nation Medicin	al Farm PW	
Channel	Content Details	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	
Facebook	Topic								
	Content								
	Keywords/ Hashtags								
YouTube	Topic								
	Content								
	Keywords/ Hashtags								
E	Topic								
Instagram	Content								
트	Keywords/ Hashtags								
Twitter	Topic								
	Content								
	Keywords/ Hashtags								

### **Group Activity**

- Read the media piece provided to your group
- Using the media guidelines in your workbook, assess the release:
  - What is good (Do's)
  - What isn't (Don'ts)
  - What is missing?
  - How would you re-write this article?
- Share your assessment and edits with the group

### **Additional Activities**

- Additional suggestions for activities are included on the following slides for you to do as you have time.
- If you don't know how to do something, reach out to us!
- Remember, you have a whole new network of people who are happy to help.

#### **Press Release**

- A sample press release is included in your workbook
- Customize the press release by filling in the missing information and "tweaking the content" as desired
- Send it to your media outlets!

### Make it Live

 We know that Facebook shares live videos on more pages than any other type of post.

• When you have a chance, take some time and find a quiet area to "Go Live". Tell the world 3 things you learned at this event in the past day and a half.

## Create a new page







- Don't have a page?
- Want to start one?
- When you have a few minutes, do it! Try something new!

## Questions?



# Thank You to our Sponsors!





